

NAME

ALTER_USER – change a database role

SYNOPSIS

ALTER USER *role_specification* [WITH] *option* [...]

where *option* can be:

```

    SUPERUSER | NOSUPERUSER
  | CREATEDB | NOCREATEDB
  | CREATEROLE | NOCREATEROLE
  | INHERIT | NOINHERIT
  | LOGIN | NOLOGIN
  | REPLICATION | NOREPLICATION
  | BYPASSRLS | NOBYPASSRLS
  | CONNECTION LIMIT connlimit
  | [ ENCRYPTED ] PASSWORD 'password' | PASSWORD NULL
  | VALID UNTIL 'timestamp'

```

ALTER USER *name* RENAME TO *new_name*

```

ALTER USER { role_specification | ALL } [ IN DATABASE database_name ] SET configuration_parameter { TO | = } { value | DEFAULT }
ALTER USER { role_specification | ALL } [ IN DATABASE database_name ] SET configuration_parameter FROM CURRENT
ALTER USER { role_specification | ALL } [ IN DATABASE database_name ] RESET configuration_parameter
ALTER USER { role_specification | ALL } [ IN DATABASE database_name ] RESET ALL

```

where *role_specification* can be:

```

    role_name
  | CURRENT_ROLE
  | CURRENT_USER
  | SESSION_USER

```

DESCRIPTION

ALTER USER is now an alias for **ALTER ROLE**.

COMPATIBILITY

The **ALTER USER** statement is a PostgreSQL extension. The SQL standard leaves the definition of users to the implementation.

SEE ALSO

ALTER ROLE (**ALTER_ROLE**(7))